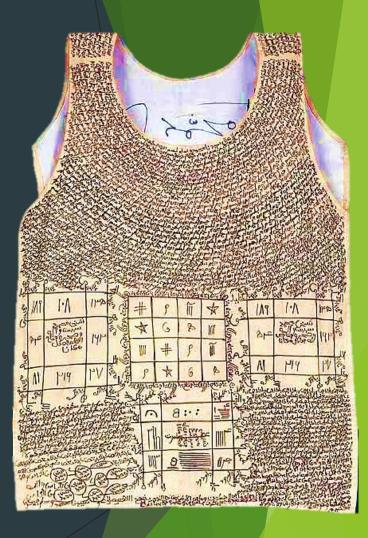
The spirit world in the Ummah: then and now

'Spiritual Freedom and the House of Islam' June 3-8, 2018 Asbury Theological Seminary Benjamin Lee Hegeman



How do we enter this world?

Imagine:

What if Job's world became everyone's worldview?

Tools:

popular/ low / folk / <u>unseen</u> / animistic / occult syncretistic / magical Islam/Muslims Or.... bida' shamans, healers, fortune tellers, magicians, spiritual guides, mystic masters, conjurers, sorcerers, medicine men, exorcists or imams, marabouts, murshids, pirs, <u>sheikhs</u>, alfas, waganga, mullahs. etc.

geistige weltanschauung

purpose:

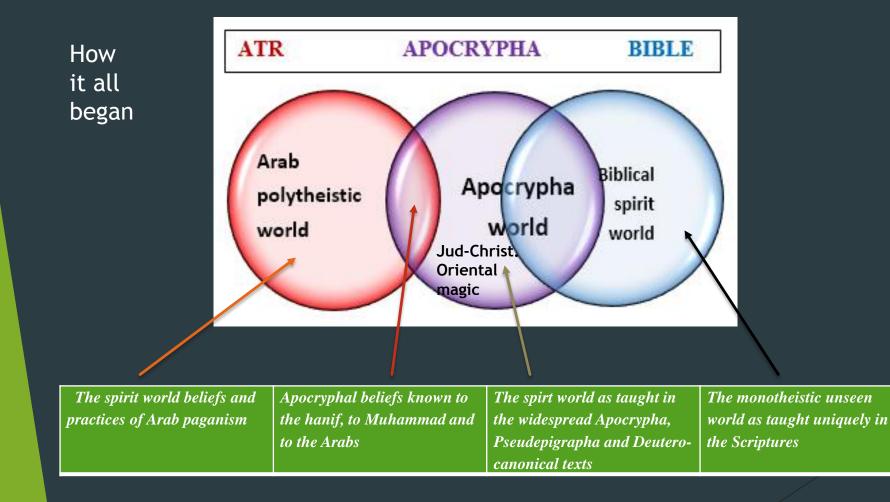
'Conceptualise the inside world' & 'So what?'

Disclaimers:

documents, variations, disputed, generalisations, no expert

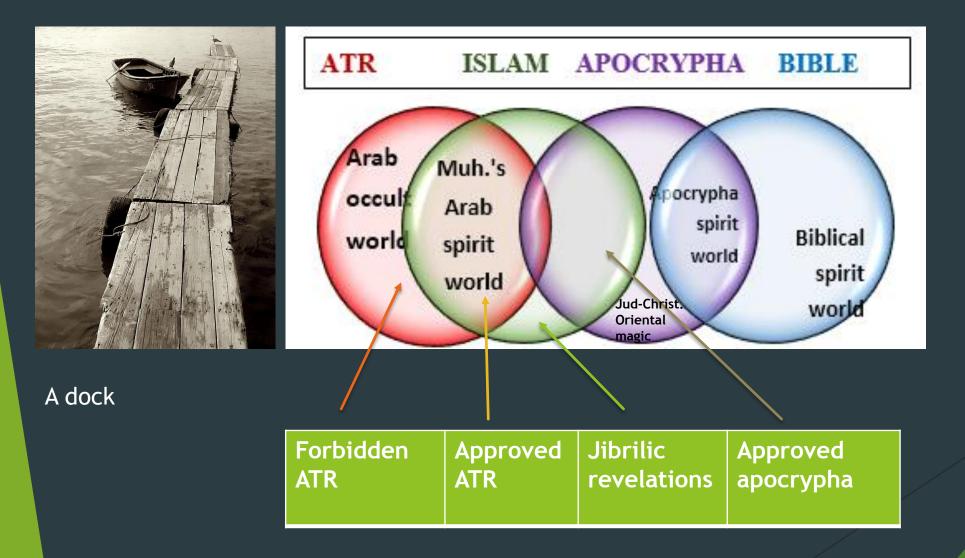


1. The 'Unseen World' is an imitation not a deviation of Muhammad's world



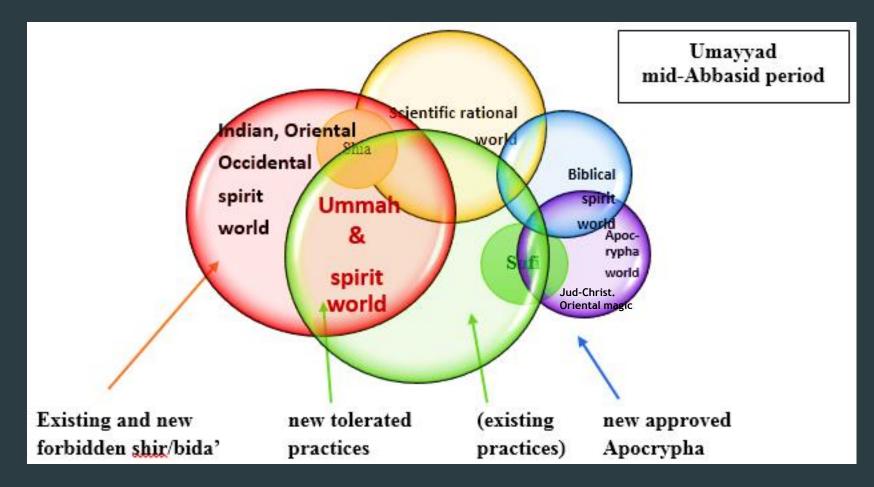


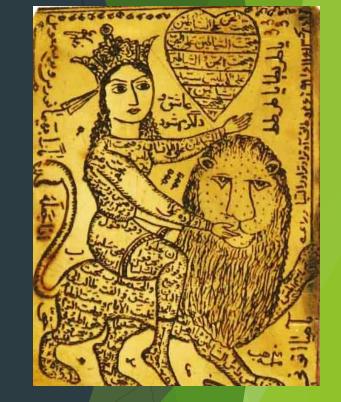
Muhammad's worldview straddles ATR & OAM





2. The Ummah does what Muhammad did





Notice the expansion Notice the new manifestations

2. The Caliphate Legacy: obsessions & disputes



A pier

A.C. Crombie: "Arabs most important and original contribution to the development of European Science were alchemy, magic and astrology" Outward orthopraxy

Obsession with magic Obsession with jinn Obsession with talismans Obsession with fatalism

Dispute over *sihr* sorcery Dispute over mysticism Dispute over reason Dispute over innovations

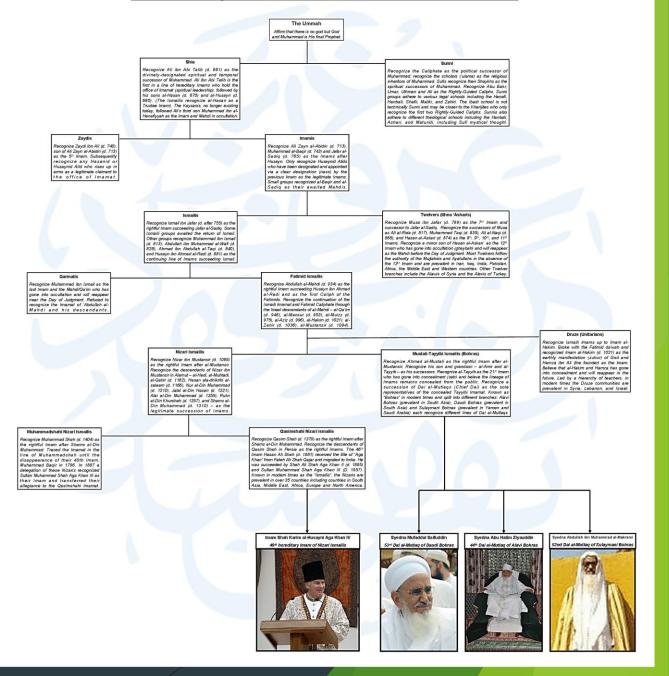




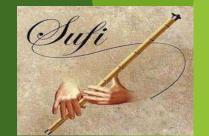
Shia Islam: Major Branches and Communities of Interpretation

Shiile outerowths:

- Early 8th century Zaidis (Fivers)
- Late 8th century Isma'ilis (Seveners)
- Early 9th century Ithna'Ashari (Twelvers)
- Late 10th century Alawis/Alavis
- Early 11th century Druze
- Late 11th century Alavi Bohras
- Late 11th century Nizaris Isma'ilis
- Mid 19th century Babiism
- Mid 19th century Baha'ism
- Late 19th century Ahmadis

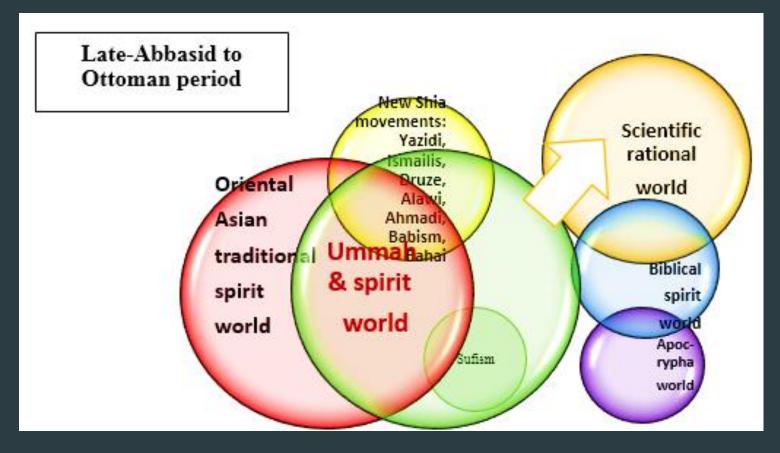






600	700	800	900	1000	1100	1200
Sufi						
origins						
	Austere Sufism					
	Rapturous Sufism					A DIE
		Esoteric orthodox Sufism				
Call Son			Saint-invoking			
			Sufism			
				Integrate	ed Sufism	
					Poetic	Sufism

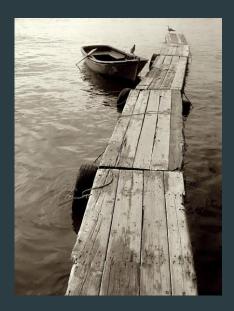
2. The later Legacy: stagnation



Shiites diversify Sufis included Mu'tazilites banned Christians: dhimmis



3. Pre-modern contemporary Ummah: more of the same



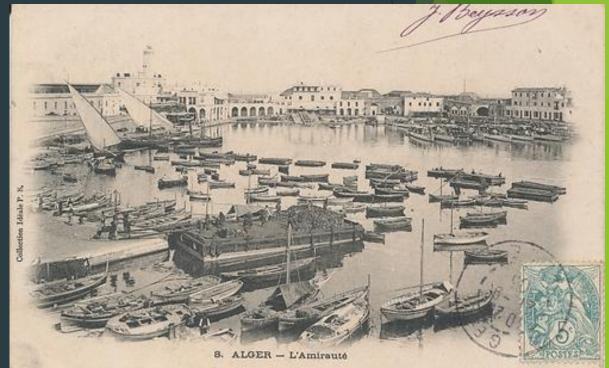


A dock

A pier

A harbour





3. Pre-modern contemporary Ummah: more of the same

Kim's phenomenological model

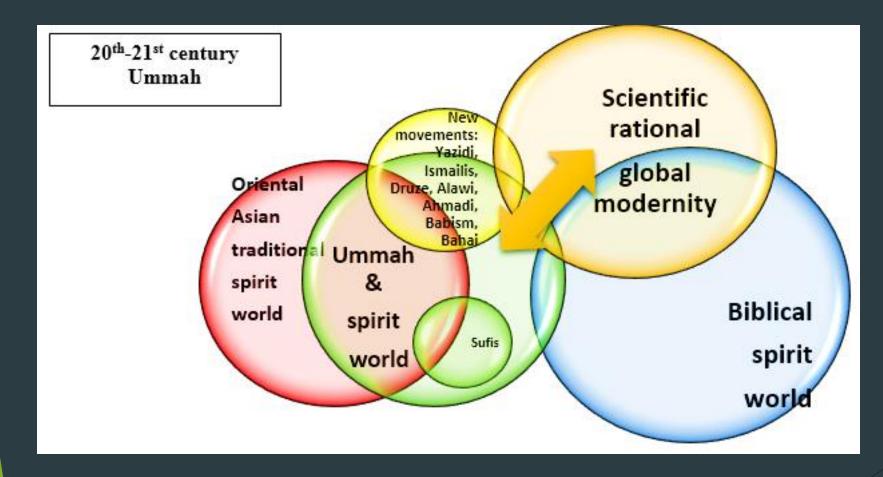


A harbour





3. Pre-modern contemporary Ummah: more of the same





1798: Napoleon1924: Ataturk1979: Ayatollah Khomeini

4. The most defining features

- 1. A world full of magic
- 2. A distant God
- 3. A world full of jinn
- 4. A world needing talismans & amulets
- 5. A world of needing protection from spirits
- 6. A world of few miracles and occasional dreams

5. Disciples of Jesus vis-à-vis "a different spirit"

- 1. Break with all Ummah Magic
- 2. Break with all Jinn Explanations
- 3. Break with all Ummah Therapeutic Practitioners
- 4. Avoid Vindicating Muhammad
- 5. Avoid Hagiolatry
- 6. Caution with Endorsing Islamic Dreams
- 7. Caution with Endorsing Attributes of Allah



Conclusions

- Muhammad reached for but failed to grasp the spiritual world of the Bible. He created an apocryphal monotheisticmagic religion not a biblical monotheism.
- Muslims continue to spiritually live where Muhammad did: in a spirit-magic, apocryphal, monotheistic 'house'. The Spirit will call MBBs/MFCs out of this 'house'.



Conclusions

 If water cannot contextualise to oil, if the Spirit will not contextualise to magic, then how can anyone succeed where Simon Magus failed?

 Disciples of Jesus 'take captive' and renounce previous initiation into the Islamic spirit-magic 'house' and they transfer their loyalty to Jesus' kingdom



Conclusions

- The 'house' of the Ummah is exceedingly dark and the doors and windows are very open to syncretism.
- Everything is borrowed; there are no 'new revelations'
- Very, very little can be redeemed: only dreams of Jesus
- Mystic Sufism seeks Allah but finds idolatrous trances
- Muslims' unseen 'house' is in bondage to magic, jinn, & fatalism
- Christ breaks prior spiritual allegiances in Muhammad's 'house'.



Questions:

- Devout Muslims believe in the alleged power of magic in the created realm, in the necessary talisman protection from evil magic, in the unavoidable influences of jinn on human conduct, in the mysterious power of astrology, and in deep fatalism. How are Christ's disciples advised to expose the false premises of these beliefs in this worldview?
- While all Christians rejoice to hear of Muslims coming to Christ through dreams, what are the cautions and counsel new Muslim believers in Christ need to hear during their discipleship?



Questions:

- While Muslim background believers will immediately receive the Holy Spirit's love for their family, their Muslim community, their culture, what spiritual issues must they learn to address as the the Spirit calls them to become a city set on a hill, a light lit before all in the spiritually dark Ummah house?
- According to our paper, Muhammad sought and reached for inclusion in the monotheism of the Ahul al-Kitab but he failed; his reach exceeded his grasp. He reached for the Bible but only clutched on to apocryphal accounts. What are the implications of addressing Muhammad's faith as an apocryphal religion, his Allah as an apocryphal 'God', his Isa as an apocryphal 'Jesus', his Qur'an as an apocryphal 'gospel', and himself as an apocryphal 'prophet'?





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Enabling thoughtful Christian engagement with Muslims

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